

आयुक्त (अपील) का कार्यालय,

Office of the Commissioner (Appeal), केंद्रीय जीएसटी, अपील आयुक्तालय, अहमदाबाद



Central GST, Appeal Commissionerate, Ahmedabad जीएसटी भवन, राजस्व मार्ग, अम्बावाडी अहमदाबाद ३८००१५.

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DIN- 20230564SW00000DC87 रजिस्टर्ड डाक ए.डी. द्वारा

क फाइल संख्या : File No : <u>GAPPL/ADC/GSTP/1150/2023 -APPEAL</u>/1253 - Sy

ख अपील आदेश संख्या Order-In-Appeal Nos. AHM-CGST-001-APP-ADC-13/2023-24 दिनॉंक Date: 10-05-2023 जारी करने की तारीख Date of Issue: 10-05-2023

श्री मिहिर रायका_अपर आयुक्त (अपील) द्वारा पारित

Passed by Shri. Mihir Rayka, Additional Commissioner (Appeals)

ग Arising out of Order-in-Original No. ZA240122086009V DT. 20.01.20222 issued by The Superintendent, CGST, Ahmedabad South

अपीलकर्ता का नाम एवं पता Name & Address of the Appellant / Respondent Jagdish Haribhai Ratanpara of M/s. Saurashtra Auto, 5, Madhur Complex, Opp. Shreeji Complex, Nr. Navrang School, Naranpura, Ahmedabad-380015

	Opp. Siffeeji Complex, Nr. Naviang Concol, Natianpara, Ammodabaa Coccio
(इस आदेश(अपील) से व्यथित कोई व्यक्ति निम्नलिखित तरीके में उपयुक्त प्राधिकारी / प्राधिकरण के समक्ष अपील दायर कर सकता है। Any person aggrieved by this Order-in-Appeal may file an appeal to the appropriate authority in the following way.
(i)	National Bench or Regional Bench of Appellate Tribunal framed under GST Act/CGST Act in the cases where one of the issues involved relates to place of supply as per Section 109(5) of CGST Act, 2017.
(ii)	State Bench or Area Bench of Appellate Tribunal framed under GST Act/CGST Act other than as mentioned in para- (A)(i) above in terms of Section 109(7) of CGST Act, 2017
(iii)	Appeal to the Appellate Tribunal shall be filed as prescribed under Rule 110 of CGST Rules, 2017 and shall be accompanied with a fee of Rs. One Thousand for every Rs. One Lakh of Tax or Input Tax Credit involved or the difference in Tax or Input Tax Credit involved or the amount of fine, fee or penalty determined in the order appealed against, subject to a maximum of Rs. Twenty-Five Thousand.
(B)	Appeal under Section 112(1) of CGST Act, 2017 to Appellate Tribunal shall be filed along with relevant documents either electronically or as may be notified by the Registrar, Appellate Tribunal in FORM GST APL-05, on common portal as prescribed under Rule 110 of CGST Rules, 2017, and shall be accompanied by a copy of the order appealed against within seven days of filing FORM GST APL-05 online.
(i)	Appeal to be filed before Appellate Tribunal under Section 112(8) of the CGST Act, 2017 after paying - (i) Full amount of Tax, Interest, Fine, Fee and Penalty arising from the impugned order, as is admitted/accepted by the appellant, and (ii) A sum equal to twenty five per cent of the remaining amount of Tax in dispute, in addition to the amount paid under Section 107(6) of CGST Act, 2017, arising from the said order, in relation to which the appeal has been filed.
(ii)	The Central Goods & Service Tax (Ninth Removal of Difficulties) Order, 2019 dated 03.12.2019 has provided that the appeal to tribunal can be made within three months from the date of communication of Order or date on which the President or the State President, as the case may be, of the Appellate Tribunal enters office, whichever is later.

ORDER IN APPEAL

Brief Facts of the Case:

This appeal has been filed under Section 107 of the Central Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 (hereinafter referred to as "the Act") by M/s. Saurashtra Auto (Legal Name – Jagdish Haribhai Ratanpara), 5, Madhur Complex, Opp. Shreeji Complex, Nr. Navrang School, Naranpura, Ahmedabad – 380 015 (hereinafter referred to as "Appellant") against the Order No. ZA240122086009V dated 20.01.2022 (hereinafter referred to as "Impugned Order") passed by the Superintendent, CGST, Ahmedabad (hereinafter referred to as "the Adjudicating Authority/Proper Officer").

- 2. Facts of the case, in brief, are that the *appellant* is registered under the Central Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 vide GST Registration GSTIN 24AHSPR4872N1ZD. A Show Cause Notice was issued to the appellant, wherein it was proposed that registration is liable to be cancelled for the reasons that GST Returns are not filed. Thereafter, the registration was cancelled vide *impugned order* under Section 29 of the CGST Act, 2017 for the reasons "Since the Taxpayer has neither attended the PH nor filed the pending Returns, GSTN is being cancelled".
- Being aggrieved with the *impugned order* dated 20.01.2022 the *appellant* has preferred the present appeal on 29.03.2023. In the appeal memo the appellant has submitted that
 - i. due to non filing of GST Returns their GST number is cancelled;
- ii. the effective date of cancellation of their GST Registration is 16.12.2021;
- iii. due to their financial position, lack of knowledge and due to COVID effect on health they failed to file the Returns;
- iv. they try to file revocation through Consultant in July 22 but failed to do so.

 Their accountant do not have proper knowledge of GST Law;
- v. They have paid tax liability and no dues pending;
- Vi. They given assurance that all pending returns will be filed within 5 days of restoration of their GSTIN.

In view of above submissions, the appellant has requested for revocation of their cancelled registration.

Personal Hearing in the matter was held on 25.04.2023 when Mr. Nikunjkumar M. Manvar appeared on behalf of the appeared authorized representative. During PH he has stated that they have not appeared to the matter was held on 25.04.2023 when Mr. Nikunjkumar M. Manvar appeared on behalf of the appeared authorized representative.

more to add to their submissions till date.

Discussion and Findings :-

- 5. I have gone through the facts of the case, written submissions made by the 'appellant'. I find that the main issue to be decided in the instant case is (i) whether the appeal has been filed within the prescribed time- limit and (ii) whether the appeal filed against the order of cancellation of registration can be considered for revocation/restoration of cancelled registration by the proper officer.
- 6. First of all, I would like to take up the issue of filing the appeal and before deciding the issue of filing the appeal on merits, it is imperative that the statutory provisions be gone through, which are reproduced, below:

SECTION 107. Appeals to Appellate Authority. — (1) Any person aggrieved by any decision or order passed under this Act or the State Goods and Services Tax Act or the Union Territory Goods and Services Tax Act by an adjudicating authority may appeal to such Appellate Authority as may be order is communicated to such person.

*(*2*)**(*3*)*

- (4) The Appellate Authority may, if he is satisfied that the appellant was prevented by sufficient cause from presenting the appeal within the aforesaid period of three months or six months, as the case may be, allow it to be presented within a further period of one month.
- 7(i). I observed that in the instant case that as against the impugned order of dated 20.01.2022, the appeal has been filed on 29.03.23 i.e. appeal filed by delay from the normal period prescribed under Section 107(1) of the CGST Act, 2017. I find that though the delay in filing the appeal is condonable only for a further period of one month provided that the appealant was prevented by sufficient cause from presenting the appeal is shown and the delay of more than one month is not condonable under the provisions of sub section (4) of Section 107 of the Central Goods and Service Tax Act, 2017.
- 7(ii). However, in the above context, I find that the Hon'ble Supreme Court has passed order on 10.01.2022 in matter of Miscellaneous Application No. 21 of 2022 in M.A. 665 of 2021, in SMW(C) No. 3 of 2020. Hon'ble Supreme Court vide Order dated 10.01.2022 ordered that for computing period of limitation for any suit, appear application or proceedings the period from 15.03.2020 till 28.02.2022 shall stand excluded and consequently balance period of limitation remaining as on 03.10.2021 if any, shall become available with

effect from 01.03.2022 and that in cases where the limitation would have expired during the period from 15.03.2020 till 28.02.2022 notwithstanding the actual balance period of limitation remaining, all persons shall have a limitation period of 90 days from 01.03.2022.

- In the present matter, the "impugned order" is of 20.01.2022 7(iii). so, the normal appeal period of three months was available up to 19.04.2022 whereas, the present appeal is filed on 29.03.2023. However, in view of above order of Hon'ble Supreme Court by excluding the period from 15.03.2020 till 28.02.2022 and considering 90 days from 01.03.22, the last date for filing of appeal comes to 29.05.2022. In the present matter the appeal is filed on 29.03.2023. Accordingly, in view of foregoing I find that the present appeal is filed beyond the time limit as prescribed under Section 107(1) of the CGST Act, 2017. Further, looking to the provisions of condonation of delay, I observed that even after condoning delay of filing of appeal for a further period of one month as per provisions of sub section (4) of Section 107 of the CGST Act, 2017 the last date for filing of appeal comes on 29.06.2022, whereas the present appeal is filed on 29.03.2023.
- 8. In view of foregoing, I find that the present appeal is filed beyond the time limit prescribed under the provisions of Section 107 of the CGST Act, 2017. Accordingly, I find that the further proceedings in case of present appeal can be taken up for consideration strictly as per the provisions contained in the CGST Act, 2017.
- I find that this appellate authority is a creature of the statute and has to act as per the provisions contained in the CGST Act. This appellate authority, therefore, cannot condone delay beyond the period permissible under the CGST Act. When the legislature has intended the appellate authority to entertain the appeal by condoning further delay of only one month, this appellate authority cannot go beyond the power vested by the legislature. My views are supported by the following case laws:
- (i) The Hon'ble Supreme Court in the case of **Singh Enterprises** reported as 2008 (221) E.L.T.163 (S.C.) has held as under:
 - "8. ...The proviso to sub-section (1) of Section 35 makes the position crystal clear that the appellate authority has no power to allow the appeal to be presented beyond the period of 30 days. The language used makes the position clear that the legislature intended the appellate authority to entertain the appeal by condoming delay

only upto 30 days after the expiry of 60 days which is the normal period for preferring appeal. Therefore, there is complete exclusion of Section 5 of the Limitation Act. The Commissioner and the High Court were therefore justified in holding that there was no power to condone the delay after the expiry of 30 days period."

- (ii) In the case of Makjai Laboratories Pvt Ltd reported as 2011 (274) E.L.T. 48 (Bom.), the Hon'ble Bombay High Court held that the Commissioner (Appeals) cannot condone delay beyond further period of 30 days from initial period of 60 days and that provisions of Limitation Act, 1963 is not applicable in such cases as Commissioner (Appeals) is not a Court.
- (iii) The Hon'ble High Court of Delhi in the case of Delta Impex reported as 2004 (173) E.L.T. 449 (Del) held that the Appellate authority has no jurisdiction to extend limitation even in a "suitable" case for a further period of more than thirty days.
- 10. I find that the provisions of Section 107 of the Central Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 are *pari materia* with the provisions of Section 85 of the Finance Act, 1994 and Section 35 of the Central Excise Act, 1944 and hence, the above judgments would be squarely applicable to the present appeal also.
- By respectfully following the above judgments, I hold that this appellate authority cannot condone delay beyond further period of one month as prescribed under proviso to Section 107(4) of the Act. Thus, the appeal filed by the *appellant* is required to be dismissed on the grounds of limitation as not filed within the prescribed time limit in terms of the provisions of Section 107 of the CGST Act, 2017. I, accordingly, dismiss the present appeal.

अपीलकर्ता द्वारा दर्ज की गई अपील का निपटारा उपरोक्त तरीके से किया जाता है।

The appeal filed by the appellant stands disposed of in above terms.

Additional Commissioner (Appeals)

Date: 10.05.2023

Dilip Jadav

Superintendent (Appeals)

By R.P.A.D.

To, M/s. Saurashtra Auto (Legal Name - Jagdish Haribhai Ratanpara), 5, Madhur Complex, Opp. Shreeji Complex, Nr. Navrang School, Naranpura, Ahmedabad - 380 015

Copy to:

- The Principal Chief Commissioner of Central Tax, Ahmedabad Zone.
- The Commissioner, CGST & C. Ex., Appeals, Ahmedabad. The Commissioner, CGST & C. Ex., Ahmedabad-South.
- 3.
- The Dy/Assistant Commissioner, CGST, Division-VI, Ahmedabad South. 4.
- The Superintendent, Range III, Div. VI, Ahmedabad South. 5.
- The Superintendent (Systems), CGST Appeals, Ahmedabad.
- Guard File. / P.A. File

